

Directions For Use

DO NOT dilute.

DO NOT mix with any other product.

DO NOT re-treat animals for a minimum of 9 weeks after last treatment.

DO NOT apply at the same time as any other backline product.

DO NOT apply during gusty or windy weather as spray drift may reduce the period of protection. It is good agricultural practice for mulesing/marking to be carried out at times of minimal fly activity. Reduced efficacy may occur in sheep affected with dermatophilosis. Significant soiling with dags, mud, dust or urine may reduce efficacy. Where significant dags are present, a light crutching is indicated prior to treatment.

Protection period may be reduced if sheep scour heavily following application.

PREVENTION OF BODY STRIKE (DIAGRAM 1)					
Sheep weight (kg)	Total volume/sheep (mL)	Volume per treatment band (mL)	No. of bands	No. treated (5 L)	No. treated (20 L)
10–20	10	10	1	500	2000
21–30	12	12	1	416	1666
31–50	15	7.5	2	333	1333
Over 50	18	9	2	277	1111

PREVENTION OF BREECH STRIKE (DIAGRAM 1)					
Sheep weight (kg)	Total volume/sheep (mL)	Volume per treatment band (mL)	No. of bands	No. treated (5 L)	No. treated (20 L)
10–20	10	10	1	500	2000
21–30	12	12	1	416	1666
31–50	15	7.5	2	333	1333
Over 50	18	9	2	277	1111

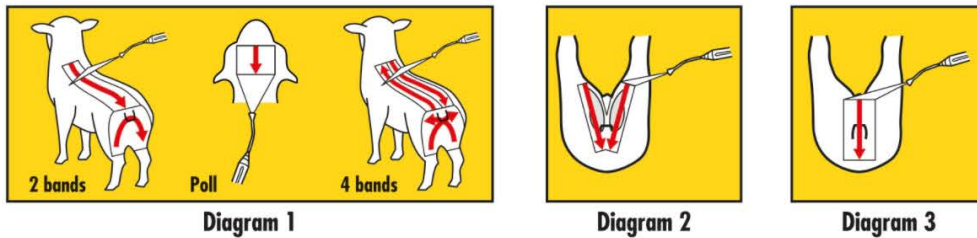
PREVENTION OF POLL STRIKE (DIAGRAM 1)					
Rams and sheep susceptible to poll strike should be treated. Apply 5 mL of CliK Extra Spray-On to the areas requiring protection, around the poll and horns.					

PREVENTION OF FLY STRIKE AFTER MULESING (DIAGRAM 2)					
Sheep weight (kg)	Total volume/sheep (mL)	Volume per treatment band (mL)	No. of bands	No. treated (5 L)	No. treated (20 L)
Up to 30	8	4	2	625	2500
31–50	10	5	2	500	2000
Apply two bands, one over each side of the mulesing wound and overlapping 25 mm onto the surrounding wool.					

PREVENTION OF FLY STRIKE AFTER MARKING (DIAGRAM 3)					
Lamb weight (<30 kg)	Total volume/lamb (mL)	Volume per treatment band (mL)	No. of bands	Average no. of lambs treated per 5 L	Average no. of lambs treated per 20 L
Ram lambs	8	4	2	833	3333
Ewe lambs	4	4	1		
When a tail has been amputated, apply 4 mL over the crutch ensuring sufficient coverage of the open wound. When the tail has not been amputated, ensure sufficient coverage of the tail where the rubber ring has been applied. In the case of ram lambs a further 4 mL can be sprayed over and around the scrotum area after the rubber ring has been applied.					

Critical Comments

1. Use only a spray-on applicator recommended by Elanco.
2. Ensure the applicator gun is clean.
3. Calibrate applicator gun using an accurate volume measure.
4. Ensure all areas to be protected are treated.
5. When preventing body strike ensure bands overlap along the midline (Diagram 1).
6. When protecting mulesing wounds from fly strike, take special care to treat the wound and the surrounding 25 mm of wool (Diagram 2).
7. When protecting marking wounds from fly strike, take special care to treat the wound and surrounding wool (Diagram 3).
8. This product is not recommended for treating existing strikes. Use a product registered as a dressing for existing strikes (e.g. Extinosad™ Eliminator, Extinosad™ Aerosol).
9. Heavy rain following the application of this product could diminish the period of protection.
10. CLiK™ Extra Spray-On contains a scourable colouring agent for easy band identification.
11. Withholding periods must be observed following application of CLiK™ Extra Spray-On for any purpose including after mulesing/marking as finite residues will occur.



Recommended Applicators

Use only an Elanco approved applicator. DO NOT USE any other applicator.

1. 15 mL Elanco Applicator fitted with a fan spray nozzle for sheep within the 21–30 kg weight band where a treatment band of 12 mL is required.
2. 10 mL Elanco Applicator fitted with a fan spray nozzle for sheep where a treatment band ≤ 10 mL is required, and for mulesing and marking application.
3. 30 mL Genesis Power Doser™ fitted with a fan spray nozzle.

A fan spray nozzle must be used to ensure that all areas of the sheep prone to flystrike are protected. After use wash with warm, soapy water and rinse with clean water.

References

1. Refer to registered labels.
 2. Wardhaugh, K.G. et al. (2001). Factors affecting the incidence of flystrike in sheep – a description and analysis of data from three separate areas in eastern Australia. Proceedings of FLICS – Flystrike and lice IPM control strategies – a national conference, Launceston, Tasmania, 25–27 June 2001.
 3. Tyrell, L.D. et al. (2014). Breech-strike on mulesed, clipped and unmulesed Merino ewes and hoggets in south-eastern Australia. Aust Vet J 92(9):348–356.
 4. Insecticide resistance in sheep blowfly larvae.
http://www.flyboss.com.au/files/pages/treatment/insecticide-resistance/Resistance_download_130410.pdf
- * CLiK Spray-On contains 50g/L dicyclanil and protects sheep against flystrike for 18 to 24 weeks. CLiK may be applied to sheep off-shears or with any length wool.